

# Connectives

## Subordinating conjunctions

Introduce a subordinate clause

### Example:

as, when, because, if, while, that

## Co-ordinating conjunctions

Link two words or phrases together as an equal pair

### Examples:

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for, and, nor, but, or, yet, so

## Adverbs

A word that describes a verb, an adjective or another verb.

### Examples

How: kindly, foolishly, sadly, quietly

Where: behind, over, here, away

When: soon, later, firstly, next

How often: always, never, often, rarely

## Connecting Adverbs

When the job of an adverb is to connect ideas, we call it a connecting adverb.

### Examples:

however, although, even though, also, meanwhile likewise, after, eventually

## Conjunction:

A conjunction links two words, phrases or clauses together.

There are two main types of conjunction: Co-ordinating and subordinating.

## Adverb:

In year 3 adverbs tells us when, where, how often an action is performed. An adverb will typically modify (change) a verb, but an adverb can also change an adjective or another adverb.